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Wallis and Futuna was the only French colony to side with the Vichy regime during World War II until the arrival of Free French and US troops in 1942. In 1959, inhabitants of the islands voted to separate from New Caledonia and become a French overseas territory, a status it assumed in 1961. Despite the split, a significant Wallisian and ...

Like the islands themselves, places to stay in Wallis and Futuna are small and friendly. In Wallis, visitors have a choice of small quality family hotels, a bed and breakfast, an inn and a guesthouse. Each hotel offers guests a catering service, and there are ...

Islands of hidden treasures. Located over 16,000 kilometres from France, Wallis & Futuna are islands of immense natural beauty, far from the beaten track and still (mostly) undiscovered by tourists. According to official figures, around a hundred tourists visit Wallis & Futuna every year... And boats docking each year can be counted on the fingers of one hand!

In Wallis and Futuna, the elders possess the skills and knowledge of traditional remedies but their wisdom is less and less often passed down to younger generations. There are three types of remedies differentiated by how they are applied. "Vai" (literally: water), health from plants.

Wallis and Futuna is known for its customary festivals deeply rooted in its culture, giving rhythm to the daily life of its inhabitants. These ceremonies are called Katoaga and take place during a religious holiday (the different districts celebrate their patron saint each year), a family event or secular holidays such as July 14 or the ...

During the 16 th-century breakup of the Tu'I Tonga Empire, it was the last remaining Tongan stronghold on Wallis Island. Nearby Tonga Toto is a battle site related to this turbulent period of local history. #6. Climb mountains. The tallest peak of Wallis and Futuna is Mont Puke (Mont Singavi) which rises 1,719 feet above sea level.

Il territorio di Wallis e Futuna (in francese Territoire des îles Wallis et Futuna o Wallis-et-Futuna [1]; in uveano e futuniano: "Uvea mo Futuna) è una collettività d'oltremare francese, composto principalmente da tre isole vulcaniche tropicali ...

Notably, Wallis and Futuna was the only French colony to side with the Vichy regime during World War II, a

phase that ended in May of 1942 with the arrival of 2,000 American troops. In 1959, the inhabitants of the islands voted to become a French overseas territory and officially assumed that status in 1961. In 2003, Wallis and Futuna's ...

The territory of Wallis and Futuna is divided into three traditional chiefdoms (royaumes coutumiers): Uvea, on the island of Wallis, Sigave, on the western part of the island of Futuna, and Alo, on the eastern part of the island of Futuna and the island of Alofi. Uvea is further subdivided into three districts: Hihifo, Hahake and Mu'a. The capital of the collectivity is ...

In Wallis and Futuna, masses are held in church to mark the start of a typical feast day celebration. The next highlight is the customary kava ceremony, generally followed by a katoaga, the presentation of offerings. The day ends with performances of traditional dances. Don't miss the chance to share in a vibrantly colourful day of ...

Wallis and Futuna comprises two archipelagoes: Hoorn Islands group (also known as the Futuna Islands, and as 'les Horne') . Futuna Island (pop.~5,000); Alofi Island (uninhabited) Alofi Island is the smaller of the two. According to legend it was as densely inhabited as Futuna up until the 19th century, when the Futuna people slaughtered and ate the ...

In 1991, BNP Nouvelle-Calédonie, a subsidiary of BNP Paribas, established a subsidiary, Banque de Wallis-et-Futuna, in the territory. Two years earlier Banque Indosuez had closed its branch at Mata-Utu, leaving the territory without any bank. Following this, the Bank of Wallis-and-Futuna (BWF) with its head office in Wallis was created in 1991.

Wallis und Futuna (französisch Wallis et Futuna; manchmal auch Uvea und Futuna) ist ein französisches Überseegebiet (Collectivité d'outre-mer) im südlichen Pazifik, das aus zwei zwischen Fidschi und Samoa gelegenen Inselgruppen besteht. Die Hauptstadt ist Mata Utu auf Uvea. Das Gebiet besteht aus den drei seit 1961 anerkannten Königreichen Uvea, Sigave und Alo

The standard voltage in Wallis and Futuna (220 V) matches more or less the voltage level your devices typically operate at in Australia (230 V). Manufacturers take these small deviations into account. You don't need a voltage converter in Wallis and Futuna. 220 V. 50 Hz. 230 V.

Futuna ist eine 46 km¹⁷⁸; große, nordöstlich von Fidschi im Südpazifik gelegene Insel vulkanischen Ursprungs, die zum französischen Übersee-Territorium Wallis und Futuna gehört. Uvea Foto: Vinean10, CC BY-SA 4.0 .

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