

What are the different types of energy sources in Uruguay?

Renewable energy here is the sum of hydropower, wind, solar, geothermal, modern biomass and wave and tidal energy. Traditional biomass - the burning of charcoal, crop waste, and other organic matter - is not included. This can be an important energy source in lower-income settings. Uruguay: How much of the country's energy comes from nuclear power?

How does the electricity sector work in Uruguay?

The electricity sector of Uruguay has traditionally been based on domestic hydropower along with thermal power plants, and reliant on imports from Argentina and Brazil at times of peak demand.

How much electricity does Uruguay generate from wind & solar?

Uruguay generates nearly half of its electricity from wind and solar, more than any other country in Latin America and the Caribbean. Source: Visual Capitalist: Solar & Wind Power by Country © 2020 The World Bank, Source: Global Solar Atlas 2.0, Solar resource data: Solargis.

Where does Uruguay get its energy from?

Uruguay primarily imports natural gas from Argentina via the Gasoducto Cruz del Sur. As of May 2021, there are no new projects proposed for oil and gas in Uruguay. Uruguay generates nearly half of its electricity from wind and solar, more than any other country in Latin America and the Caribbean.

How much electricity does Uruguay produce?

In 2020, Uruguay produced 13.5 TWh of electricity, with 40% coming from wind energy, 30% from hydro, 20% from biomass, 6% from fossil fuels, and 4% from solar. As of 2020, 100% of the population has access to electricity. The UTE is spending \$960 million between 2020-2025 for installing new electrical transmission infrastructure.

How will wind power affect Uruguay's future energy supply?

The current 6% private contribution to the generation park is expected to increase as investments in new wind power plants materialize. Renewables could play a role in future energy supply, in particular wind power, allowing Uruguay to reduce its dependence on imports.

Solar Energy Market and Projections: Uruguay's solar PV capacity has grown from virtually zero in 2013 to 248 MW in 2020. The government aims to increase solar PV capacity to 1 GW by 2025. Residential on-grid solar installations are growing, supported by net metering policies and decreasing technology costs. Energy Exports:

Energy in Uruguay describes energy and electricity production, consumption and import in Uruguay. As part of climate mitigation measures and an energy transformation, Uruguay has converted over 98% of its

electrical grid to sustainable energy sources (primarily solar, wind, and hydro). Fossil fuels are primarily imported into Uruguay for transportation, industrial uses and applicat...

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In 2021, Uruguay generated 47% of its electricity from wind and solar combined (up from 36% in 2019), ranking second in the world behind Denmark. Since the signing of the Kyoto Protocol in 1997, Uruguay has grown aggregate renewable energy by 93%.

Generating 98% of its electricity from renewable sources, Uruguay's rapid adoption and expansion of sustainable sources of energy has been lauded internationally as a model for transitioning national power systems away from fossil fuels.

Uruguay is the second country in the world in the share of variable renewable sources of electricity (wind and solar). Source: BEN (2024) & Ember Global Electricity Review (2022) DECARBONIZATION HISTORY (VI)

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