

Why does Iran need a sustainable water management system?

Population growth, coupled with the expansion of exploitation of groundwater resources for agricultural and industrial purposes, has led Iran to face the necessity of proper use and sustainable management of existing water resources.

Which infrastructures in Iran are at risk of subsidence?

Other infrastructures, including airports, metro stations, and railway stations, in Iran are at considerable risk of subsidence. Eight of the 61 large and medium-sized airports are located in subsidence zones, including the Tehran International Airport, with more than 8 million annual passengers.

Is there an imbalance between exploitation and groundwater recharge in Iran?

Combining precipitation data with measured piezometric groundwater levels, Van Camp, Radfar, Martens, and Walraevens (2012) pointed out that there is an imbalance between exploitation and precipitation recharge in central Iran, which has resulted in the decline of water storage (WS).

Does Iran have unsustainable groundwater resources?

Consequently, the unsustainable utilization of groundwater resources and related subsidence is not unique to Iran; it resonates as a global challenge (5,48 - 54). The consequences are stark and immediate.

How many subsidence areas are identified in Iran?

Based on repetition of first order precise leveling network of Iran, about 44 subsidence areas are identified and continuous data collected by the Iranian permanent GNSS and geodynamic network (IPGN), as well as InSAR data, indicate strong elevation changes in some parts of the country.

How many metro lines are there in Iran?

Metro lines in various cities in Iran are also subject to land subsidence, with four of seven metro lines in Tehran and the only metro line in Isfahan running through subsidence areas. The country's total length of metro lines is approximately 370 km, with 55 km (15%) passing through subsidence areas.

Because of the complexity of research on a large scale, detailed studies on the potential of rainstorm recharge on the groundwater at national scale are lacking in the literature. Current research aims to highlight the effects of the Dena rainstorms on Iran's groundwater storage using groundwater balance (GWB) and water-table fluctuation (WTF ...

Analyzing the water resources components and connecting these components in the large-scale framework lead the decision makers and scientists to find better innovative and more effective solutions to water crisis challenges. Hence, in this study, the trend in the water balance components during 1984-2010 has been analyzed in all 30 major basins in Iran ...

Long-term average conditions. Iran is located at longitude 25-40°N and latitude 44-65°E and over 94% of the country (total area 1.65 million km²); has an arid/semi-arid climate (Fig. 1 ...

We finally also considered gravity data at monthly rate from the GRACE (Gravity Recovery and Climate Experiment) twin satellites to point out the large scale (typically 400 km × 400 km pixels) gravity changes over Iran from 2002 to 2016.

The pipeline of utility-scale and large commercial segments for battery storage in the UK is continually increasing, with a pipeline of over 16GW of projects with the potential for deployment over the next few years. ... 130MW of operational capacity so far this year means 2021 could exceed 400MW, broadly in line with our forecast of new large ...

Separation of large scale water storage patterns over Iran using GRACE, altimetry and hydrological data ...
University of Tehran, Iran, Islamic Republic of [3] Western Australian ...

At the basin scale, the Central Plateau basin, covering half of the country's area, emerges as the primary contributor to Iran's groundwater depletion, responsible for 70% of the total loss. Unexpectedly, despite receiving the highest precipitation rate among basins, the Caspian Sea basin ranks second, accounting for 11% of the groundwater ...

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Calculating the value of PSHP can provide an appropriate perspective in the pricing of these large-scale storage systems. In this paper, first, a method to determine the scheduling of the Siahbishe PSHP to have the maximum impact on peak shaving and valley filling, considering the daily generation scheduling program of the thermal units in Iran ...

Hydrogen is increasingly being recognized as a promising renewable energy carrier that can help to address the intermittency issues associated with renewable energy sources due to its ability to store large amounts of energy for a long time [[5], [6], [7]]. This process of converting excess renewable electricity into hydrogen for storage and later use is known as ...

Separation of large scale water storage patterns over Iran using GRACE, altimetry and hydrological data
Ehsan Forootan, Roelof Rietbroek, Jürgen Kusche, Mohammad Ali Sharifi, Joseph L Awange, Michael Schmidt, Philip Omondi, James S Famiglietti

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Extracting large scale terrestrial water storage (WS) patterns from time-variable gravity field products of the Gravity Recovery and Climate Experiment (GRACE) mission requires a signal separation ...

Denmark has been relatively quiet for grid-scale energy storage projects, though an 18MWh thermal energy storage project did start commissioning late last year. Virtual power plant (VPP) companies including Nuvve and Flower are active in the country's ancillary service market primarily through managing EV networks.

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