

When did Burundi become a country?

Burundi gained its independence from Belgium in 1962 as the Kingdom of Burundi, but the monarchy was overthrown in 1966 and a republic established. The assassination of Burundi's president in 1993 triggered 12 years of ethnic violence between Hutu and Tutsi factions.

Where is Burundi located?

The country lies on a rolling plateau in the centre of Africa. Burundi is bordered by Rwanda to the north, Tanzania to the east and southeast, and the Democratic Republic of the Congo to the west. It lies within the Albertine Rift montane forests, Central Zambesian miombo woodlands, and Victoria Basin forest-savanna mosaic ecoregions.

Who was the president of Burundi in 2003?

In 2003, FRODEBU leader Domitien Ndayizeye (Hutu) was elected president. [citation needed] In early 2005, ethnic quotas were formed for determining positions in Burundi's government. Throughout the year, elections for parliament and president occurred. Pierre Nkurunziza (Hutu), once a leader of a rebel group, was elected president in 2005.

What is the capital city of Burundi?

The capital city is Gitega and the largest city is Bujumbura. The Twa, Hutu and Tutsi peoples have lived in Burundi for at least 500 years. For more than 200 of those years, Burundi was an independent kingdom. In 1885, it became part of the German colony of German East Africa.

What is happening in Burundi?

Since independence in 1962 it has been plagued by periodically violent tensions between the usually-dominant Tutsi minority and the Hutu majority. A civil war, sparked off in 1993, made Burundi the scene of one of Africa's most intractable conflicts.

Who was the first Hutu president in Burundi?

In July 1993, Melchior Ndadaye became Burundi's first Hutu president following the country's first multi-party presidential election. His assassination three months later during a coup attempt provoked the 12-year Burundian Civil War. In 2000, the Arusha Agreement was adopted, which was largely integrated in a new constitution in 2005.

Il Burundi (AFI: /bu'rundi/ [6]), ufficialmente Repubblica del Burundi, &#232; uno Stato africano dalla superficie di 27 830 km&#178;.. Confina con il Ruanda a nord, con la Repubblica Democratica del Congo a ovest e con la Tanzania a sud ed a est. ...

Burundi is a part of the Albertine Rift, the western extension of the East African Rift. The country lies on a

rolling plateau in the center of Africa. The average elevation of the central plateau is 5,600 feet (1,707 m), with lower elevations at the borders.

Burundi is a densely populated country with a high population growth rate, factors that combined with land scarcity and poverty place a large share of its population at risk of food insecurity. About 90% of the population relies on subsistence agriculture. Subdivision of land to sons, and redistribution to returning refugees, results in smaller ...

Burundi originated in the 16th century as a small kingdom in the African Great Lakes region. After European contact, it was united with the Kingdom of Rwanda, becoming the colony of Ruanda-Urundi - first colonised by Germany and then ...

Alors que la situation au Burundi est toujours marqu&#233;e par un &#171; contexte s&#233;curitaire volatile &#187; et une &#171; impunit&#233; g&#233;n&#233;ralis&#233;e &#187; des &#171; Imbonerakure &#187;, un expert ind&#233;pendant des Nations Unies a lanc&#233;, jeudi, une &#171; alerte pr&#233;coce &#187; afin de minimiser la survenance d'une nouvelle crise dans ce pays de la r&#233;gion des Grands lacs au cours des ...

A landlocked country in East Africa, Burundi is a low-income economy, with 80% of the population employed in the agricultural sector. Located in the Great Lakes region, Burundi is surrounded by Rwanda to the north, Tanzania to the east, the Democratic Republic of the Congo to the west, and bordered by Lake Tanganyika to the southwest.

Burundi has a developing economy based primarily on agriculture. It is a republic with two legislative houses, and its head of state and government is the president, assisted by vice presidents. Original settlement by the Twa was followed by ...

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Burundi afrikai orsz&#225;g, mely a kontinens keleti r&#233;sz&#233;n, Ruanda, Tanz&#225;nia &#233;s a Kong&#243;i Demokratikus K&#246;zt&#225;rsas&#225;g k&#246;z&#246;tt helyezkedik el. A Nemzetk&#246;zi Valutaalap 2009-es GDP-m&#233;r&#233;se szerint a F&#246;ld legszeg&#233;nyebb orsz&#225;ga. [4] Politikai f&#225;rosa Gitega, gazdas&#225;gi, kereskedelmi f&#225;rosa Bujumbura.

Burundi's eligibility for the African Growth and Opportunity Act was suspended in October 2015, but remains under review. The U.S. has signed trade and investment framework agreements with the East African Community and with the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa. Burundi is a member of both regional organizations.

The Twa, Hutu and Tutsi peoples have lived in Burundi for at least 500 years. For more than 200 of those years, Burundi was an independent kingdom. In 1885, it became part of the German colony of German East Africa. [16] After the First World War and Germany's defeat, the League of Nations mandated the territories of Burundi and neighboring Rwanda to Belgium in a combined ...

**A Stranglehold on Burundi's Future WHAT IS THE BURUNDI HUMAN RIGHTS INITIATIVE?** The Burundi Human Rights Initiative (BHRI) is an independent human rights project that aims to document the evolving human rights situation in Burundi, with a particular focus on events linked to the 2020 elections. It intends to expose the drivers of human rights

**EXECUTIVE SUMMARY.** Located in Central Africa, Burundi is one of the seven member states of the East African Community (EAC). Burundi is one of the world's most impoverished countries, with 87 percent of the population living below the World Bank's poverty measure of \$2.15 per day, and 80-90 percent of the population reliant on agriculture (mostly subsistence farming) in an ...

Burundi, officially the Republic of Burundi, is a small country of rolling green hills and mountains in the Great Lakes region of Africa. It is bordered by Rwanda on the north, Tanzania on the south and east, and the Democratic Republic of Congo on the west. Much of its western border is adjacent to Lake Tanganyika, the deepest lake in Africa and the world's longest lake.

**Identification.** Burundi has two distinct ethnic groups: the Hutu and the Tutsi. While these cultures have coexisted in the area for centuries and now share a common language and many common cultural elements, they remain separate in terms of group identification.

Burundi (/ b ʊ r ʊ n d i / (i), /- ' r ʊ n -/), officially the Republic of Burundi (Kirundi: Repubulika y'Uburundi, [1] [u.ʔu.ru:ndi]; Swahili: Jamuhuri ya Burundi; French: R#233;publique du Burundi}}, or ), is a landlocked country in the Great Rift Valley where the African Great Lakes region and East Africa converge. It is bordered by Rwanda to the north, Tanzania to the east and ...

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